



HYDROTHERMAL SYNTHESIS AND CHARACTERIZATION OF SILVER NANOPARTICLES USING AQUEOUS EXTRACT OF *Eleusine indica* L. (PARAGIS)

A Master's Thesis Presented to the Graduate Studies Department College of Science and Computer Studies De La Salle University - Dasmariñas City of Dasmariñas, Cavite

In Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Degree Master of Science in Physical Science

MARILYN M. LALUNIO

July 2020

AKLATANG EMILIO AGUINALDO INFORMATION RESOURCE CENTER ARCHIVES AND SPECIAL COLLECTIONS





ii

ABSTRACT

In this study, silver nanoparticles (AgNPs) were synthesized by green hydrothermal treatment of *Eleusine indica* aqueous extract and silver nitrate. The effect of increasing reaction time (6 to 48 hours) on the morphology and functionality of hydrothermal synthesized AgNPs were evaluated by Scanning Electron Microscopy, and Fourier Transforms Infrared Spectroscopy, respectively. Moreover, AgNPs had highly agglomerated spherical particles having a size of 128-171 nm. The aggregation of AgNPs in the solution was measured by UV-Vis spectroscopy. As determined by energy-disperse spectroscopy, silver is the most abundant component (84.07 %) in the nanoparticle, supporting the synthesis of silver nanoparticles.

Key words: green synthesis, silver nanoparticles, Eleusine indica

AKLATANG EMILIO AGUINALDO INFORMATION RESOURCE CENTER ARCHIVES AND SPECIAL COLLECTIONS