EFFECT OF *Tamarindus indica* (SAMPALOC) CRUDE LEAF EXTRACT ON THE EGG DEVELOPMENT OF *Ascaridia galli*

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ABSTRACT

Poultry animal such as chickens (Gallus gallus domesticus) is one of the leading sources of organic foods in the Philippines. However, parasites such as Ascaridia galli cause negative effect on meat and eggs production. Accordingly, anthelmintic drugs such as Albendazole have been a successful aid to fight against parasitic infection until parasites have developed anthelmintic resistance, thus, Sampaloc (Tamarindus indica) has been used in this study to assess its effect on the egg development of A. galli. Different concentrations of T. indica crude leaf extract were prepared at 20% (T1), 40% (T2), 60% (T3) and 80% (T4) as well as control groups, Albendazole (T+) and Phosphate Buffer Solution (T0). A. galli eggs were incubated per treatment and replicated three times. After 21 days of incubation under room temperature, results revealed that the *T. indica* crude leaf extract with 20% concentration exhibits the highest effect in slowing the development of eggs at 61.9 percent undevelopment, followed by T2, T4 and T3 with 50%, 47.1% and 46.6% respectively. In addition, T1 was found to have caused death to eggs at 18.6% which is much lower as compared to the ovicidal ability of Albendazole at 74.1%. This study indicated that the T. indica crude leaf extract can be used to prevent A. galli eggs development to L3 stage. However, supplementation may be added to increase its efficacy.

Keywords: Gallus gallus domesticus, Ascaridia galli, eggs development, Tamarindus indica crude leaf extract



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