LOCAL TOURISM DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES FOR CAVITE

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Chapter 5

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The tourism industry is considered as the world's biggest industry. More importantly, it is still growing. To summarize the information presented in the previous chapters, the researcher came up with this strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats (SWOT) analysis. The strengths and weaknesses have been identified to assess the internal environment of the province while the opportunities and threats have been identified to gauge the external environment.

Summary of Findings and Conclusions

- Industry experts are optimistic that there will be a "favorable atmosphere
 for the lodging and food industry as well as vast opportunities and
 occasional challenges as well as trials over the next millennium."
 - The cities and municipalities in the province are grouped into three modal tourism points: <u>Tagaytay-upland area</u>. Tagaytay is overlooking the world's smallest albeit still active Taal volcano. This area is composed of: Tagaytay City, Silang, Amadeo, Indang, Mendez, Alfonso, Gen. Aguinaldo and Magallanes; <u>Ternate-Corregidor-Naic area</u>. This area boasts of its white sand beaches and blue waters with protected marine species and is composed of the towns of Maragondon, Ternate, Naic and the island of Corregidor; and, the <u>Kawit- Cavite City area</u>. This area focuses on Cavite's glorious history and is composed of the towns of Bacoor, Imus, Noveleta, Rosario, Tanza, Gen. Trias, Dasmarinas, and Cavite City.



The province is endowed with bountiful natural resources distributed to these different zones, rich historical and cultural resources and is the venue of some of the most noted festivals and major events as: the Puerto Azul Testimonial Golf Fellowship being held in the month of April at the Novotel Puert Azui Beach and Country Club; the Caracol being celebrated in Kawii during the last week of May wherein people perform a ritual dance to pay homage to their patron saint Mary Magdalene: the annual Philippine Independence Day celebration held in Kawit on June 12; the water festival celebrated in Cavite City in honor of the city's Patroness. Nuestra Senora de Porta Vega on June 24; the flower festival held in Tagaytay during the month of August; the month-long Christmas celebration characterized by parades, competitions and other activities are held in the country's Christmas capital during the Paskuhan sa Imus celebration; and the Maytinis festival being observed in Kawit on December 24 which features a reenactment of the search for an inn by Mary and Joseph and the birth of Jesus.

The trends in which the hotel and restaurant industry would probably continue to flourish in the next century will include the concern for environmental lasues will continue to grow; resorts, conference centers and the like are finding it easier to offer their products directly to customers rather than going through intermediaries; and marketing vacation destinations will become much easier with the video and internet movies replacing printed brochures where such programs include current



detailed information on the accommodations, culture, currency, language and passport requirements. With the establishment of the Provincial Tourism Council (PTC), Cavite keeps abreast with these developments through its plans and programs for tourism development.

- Both the national and provincial governments have expressed their support to the development of the tourism industry through their projects and programs. On the part of the national government, these will include: festival assistance or sponsorship of events, provision of tourism brochures and other informational materials accreditation of facilities. proper coordination, attendance to Trade Fairs and the use of the thematic calendar; the promotional campaign "Dream Vacations for Sale"; President Estrada's Tourism Highway Program and a number of laws and policies that provide incentives to encourage people to engage in tourism-On the part of the provincial government, this was related activities. evident with, first and foremost, the creation of the Provincial Tourism Council and highlighting tourism promotions as one of its top priorities. Among the strategies adopted by the PTC to promote the fourism industry include: grassroots participation and development, community -- based initiative, renovation of historical sites, establishment of the Cavite Tourism Formation Center and the development of infrastructure facilities.
- For Cavite's part, the Cavite Chamber of Commerce takes the active role in providing assistance to promote the tourism industry.



- The projects of the NCC gave way to bring back the glories of the past which further strengthened Cavite's image of being a premier historical destination. This further intensified the feeling of nationalism that the government wanted to invoke among its constituents. The presence of these destinations which are very accessible to the Metropolis makes Cavite one of the most popular places to visit during school excursions.
- To keep up with the continuous development and flourishing demand to tourist facilities within the province, a number of private developers responded with projects in mind as: the Oriental Vacation Resort in Silang, the Saddle and Clubs Leisure Park in Naic, Tanza and Trece Martires, Dreamworld: The Coastal City in Naic and Splendido in Tagaylay.
- An economic development strategy geared at employment generation,
 poverty alleviation and redistribution of wealth was formulated. Under
 strategy, specific programs were identified as image building, tapping
 other tourism areas, promoting special interests and segmenting the
 market.



Recommendation for further study.

The researcher suggests the application of the concept of Sustainable Development to the tourism resources as mentioned in this research for further study. The researcher recognizes the necessity to ensure a sustainable future without compromising the ability of the future generations to conserve these historical resources. To attain this, further studies will have to be conducted for continuous development to take place and at the same time, maintain the historic image of the province even effer specific plans and programs have been carried out and government support is pulled out.