



**ANTI-QUORUM SENSING POTENTIAL OF *Vitex negundo* L.
(Lagundi), *Ehretia microphylla* Lam. (Tsaang-gubat),
Mentha arvensis L. (Yerba Buena) LEAVES
CRUDE EXTRACTS**

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ABSTRACT

Anti-quorum sensing refers to the mechanism that involves prevention of the bacteria's ability to communicate and detect density of their population in given vicinity. Plant extracts, lately, had been found for having the effect on quorum sensing of bacteria through inhibition, thus, this study made use of the methanolic leaf extracts of three of the DOH-endorsed medicinal plants namely *Vitex negundo* L. (Lagundi), *Ehretia microphylla* Lam. (Tsaang-gubat), *Mentha arvensis* L. (Yerba Buena) against *Chromobacterium violaceum*. Preliminary disk diffusion assays revealed anti-quorum sensing potential shown by inhibition of violacein pigment production in *C. violaceum* while having 3-bromofuran and distilled water as controls. Non-pigmented zones are present among disks of *V. negundo* L. and *E. microphylla* Lam. having an average diameter of 10.33 mm and 5.67 mm, respectively. Evidently, from these results, *V. negundo* L. shows the greatest potential among the methanolic leaf extracts. This study, therefore, showed evidence on the potential of *V. negundo* L. and *E. microphylla* Lam. for anti-quorum sensing.



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