PREVALENCE AND INTENSITY OF ECTOPARASITES IN EXOTIC PETS FOUND IN THE PROVINCE OF CAVITE

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ABSTRACT

Ectoparasites are a diverse group of organisms that inhabit the integument of its host and feed on dead skin cells, tissue fluids, blood and/or lymph. The presence of ectoparasites in animals creates a multitude of health risks and plays an important role in the transmission of diseases to animals and humans, especially those that come in contact with the ectoparasite-infected animals. The study determined the prevalence of ectoparasites in exotic pets in the province of Cavite. All animals' body parts and regions were examined for possible ectoparasite infestation. Collection of ectoparasites was performed using acetate strip method, removal by forceps, and combing. The ectoparasites recovered were preserved in several mixtures of ethanol from 70% to 95%, acetic acid, potassium hydroxide and followed by soaking the specimen in xylene and observed under a photomicroscope. Results reveal that only the Columba livia (Rock pigeon) was found positive of the ectoparasites Columbicola columbae (5.75) and Falculifer rostratus (30). This study concluded that exotic pets were highly maintained in households and birds like pigeons are susceptible to ectoparasites due to its environmental exposure.



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