

**ABSTRACT**

**Name of Institution:** DE LA SALLE UNIVERSITY - DASMARIÑAS

**Address:** DASMARIÑAS, CAVITE

**Title:** THE STUDY OF STEREOTYPED SEX ROLES AS PERCEIVED BY THE  
FOURTH YEAR BIOLOGY STUDENTS OF DE LA SALLE  
UNIVERSITY - DASMARIÑAS

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**DATE STARTED:** September 1997 **DATE COMPLETED:** March 1998

**OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY:**

**A. GENERAL:**

The primary objective of this paper was to study stereotyped sex role as perceived by the fourth year Biology students of De La Salle University-Dasmariñas school year 1997-1998, along the aspects of occupational roles.

**B. SPECIFIC:**

1. To determine the mean score of stereotyped perception of occupational roles between males and females.
2. To determine whether there is a significant difference in the stereotyped perception of occupational roles between male and female respondents.
3. To determine whether there is a significant difference in stereotyped perception between male and female occupational roles.

4. To determine whether there is an interaction of influence between the gender of the respondents and occupational roles on stereotyped perception.

**SCOPE AND COVERAGE:**

The study focused on the stereotyped sex roles in relation to occupational roles, as perceived by the fourth year Biology students of De La Salle University - Dasmariñas of school year 1997 – 1998.

**METHODOLOGY:**

The study used a descriptive research design, employing a researcher – made checklist to measure stereotyped perception of occupational roles. The statistical tool used by the researchers was the 2 way Analysis of Variance (ANOVA).

**MAJOR FINDINGS:**

The mean score of 64.89 showed that there was a high level of stereotyped perception on occupational roles among the fourth year Biology students of De La Salle University - Dasmariñas, school year 1997 – 1998.

The F ratio of 3.8480 at .05 level of significance revealed that there was no significant difference in the stereotyped perception of occupational roles between male and female respondents.

The F ratio of 13.514 at .05 level of significance revealed that there was a significant difference of stereotyped perception of male and female occupational roles among the respondents.

The F ratio of 1.4761 at .05 level of significance revealed that there was no interaction of influence between the gender of the respondents and occupational roles on stereotyped perception among the respondents.

**CONCLUSIONS:**

Based on the findings, the researchers therefore conclude that there was a high level of stereotyped perception on occupational roles among the fourth year Biology Students of De La Salle University - Dasmariñas, school year 1997 – 1998 and that there was no significant difference in the stereotyped perception between males and females. There was a significant difference in the stereotyped perception of male and female occupational roles and that there was no interaction of influence between the gender of the respondents and occupational roles on stereotyped perception among the respondents.

**RECOMMENDATIONS:**

In relation to the study, the researchers would like to recommend the following:

1. The inclusion of other variables such as Personality Characteristics and Activity Interest to be included in future researches.
2. Men (male) should be more open – minded to the women's plight for equality, specifically in terms of occupational roles, mainly because they are capable of the same quality performance as men.
3. Women (female) should be more aware of their status in society. It is accepted that women are no longer confined at home, but instead, they can get

involved in fields, which were once dominated by men. However, they should not forget the important role they have at home in which the members of the family rely on.

