

ABSTRACT

NAME OF INSTITUTION :

De La Salle University-Dasmariñas

ADDRESS

Dasmariñas, Cavite

TITLE

Self-Concept and Its Role on Social Perception

Among Orphaned and Family-Reared Children.

RESEARCHERS

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Parents

COST

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OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY:

A. General

To determine if self-concept plays a big role on social perception of orphaned and family-reared children.

B. Specific

- To know the demographic profile of orphaned and family-1. reared children according to age and gender
- To know the level of self-concept as measured by researcher-2. made questionnaire of orphaned and family-reared children



- To know the level of social perception as measured by researcher-made questionnaire according to the two groups
- 4. To know the significant difference in the level of self-concept of orphaned and family-reared children
- To know the significant difference in the level of social perception of orphaned and family-reared children
- 6. To know the significant relationship between self-concept and social perception

SCOPE AND COVERAGE:

This study was primarily concerned with the relationship of self-concept and social perception among orphaned and family-reared children from Cavite. The respondents of the study were the orphaned children from Samaritans Place in Metrogate Silang Estate, Silang, Cavite, Home of Joy in Pala-Pala, Dasmariñas, Cavite and Valley Cathedral Children's Home in Labac, Naic Cavite. The family-reared children came from different towns where the researchers obtained the orphaned children. The subjects were purposely selected to meet the age requirement of 7-10 years old with a total number of 60 respondents, 30 orphaned children and 30 family-reared children.



METHODOLOGY:

A descriptive-comparative-correlational type of research was used to compare and correlate the two variables. The researcher-made questionnaires were used to determine the level of self-concept and social perception. Frequency, percentage, mean, t-test and Pearson's r were the statistical tools used in this study.

MAJOR FINDINGS:

- 1. It was revealed that both orphaned and family-reared children have a high level of self-concept and social perception.
- 2. It was found out that there is no significant difference in the level of selfconcept and social perception of orphaned and family-reared children.
- 3. It was also revealed that there is a little significant relationship between selfconcept and social perception.

CONCLUSIONS:

- 1. It was concluded that both orphaned and family-reared children got a high level on self-concept and social perception.
- 2. There is a little significant relationship to the self-concept and social perception.



RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. Parents have the responsibility to take good care of their children. They should spend more time especially in the development of their children because it is very important for a child to have parents that are always there to guide them in all their endeavors.
- Foster parents are the ones who spend their time in taking good care of orphaned children even though they are not really their own. They serve as the second parents to them. They should also have knowledge in taking good care of the children that they rear and be sensitive to their needs.
- 3. Orphanages serve as the second home of the children who were abandoned by their parents. They have to make sure that the children from their institutions are comfortable, happy and given proper attention for them to grow and develop like any other child.
- 4. Psychologists must give some time in studying this topic because they could be a great help to the children especially to the orphaned regarding the rearing practices that were given to them for the children to grow and develop normally.
- 5. Non-government organizations have to continue helping the less fortunate especially those children who were abandoned by their parents and spend most of their growing years in the orphanages because their help could make a big difference in the children's lives.



6. Future researchers may conduct study related to the topic or any study related to children because children are very important in the society.

