Obsession and Compulsion: A Case Study

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Table of Contents

Acknowledgement
Abstract
Chapter 1- Background of the Study
Introduction1
Conceptual Framework
Statement of the Problem
Assumption4
Scope and Limitation5
Significance of the Study5
Definition of Terms6
Chapter 2- Review of Related Literature
Obsession and Compulsion (DSM IV-TR)8
Cognitive Symptoms
Overt Behaviors19
Physical Symptoms
Epidemology21
Seeking Treatment23
Course and Prognosis24
Psychological aspects of OCD
Comorbidity27
How OCD affects social interaction32
Social Skills impaired by OCD
Other co-existing features35

OCD Perfectionism45
Chapter 3- Methodology
Research Design
Samples and Sampling Technique
Research Instrument
Data Gathering49
Data Analysis50
Chapter 4- Results and Discussion
Statement 1: What is the demographic profile of the
participants with Obsessions and Compulsions in terms
of age, gender, civil status, employment status (of any),
and educational attainment?51
Statement 2: What is the background information of the
participants with Obsessions and Compulsions in terms of:
Personal background, Family background, Educational
background, Social background and Occupational
background (if any)?54
Statement 3: What are the initial symptoms and presenting
problems persisting among the participants with
Obsessions and Compulsions?66
Statement 4: What are the particular effects of having
Obsessions and Compulsions as an individual?92
Statement 5: What are the co-existing features
present in the participants with Obsessions and Compulsions?95



ABSTRACT

Name of Institution: De La Salle University-

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Scope and Coverage:

This study aimed to determine the commonalities among respondents with obsession and compulsion as well as the demographic profile, history background, symptoms and effects of respondents with obsession and compulsion. The study has 2 male and 7 female

Methodology:

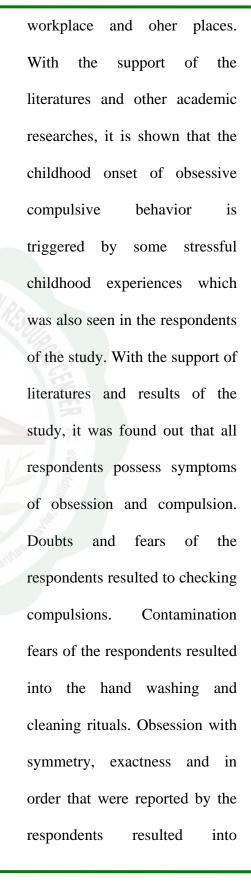
Conclusion:

respondents that possess obsession and compulsion symptoms.

This study utilized a Qualitative
Research Design specifically
Case study method. Purposive
sampling technique was used to
gather the respondents. This
study was achieved by utilizing
Obsessive Compulsive
Inventory and researcher-made
guide questionnaires.

Anyone at any age can develop obsessive compulsive behaviour. Yet in this study, the Obsessive and Compulsive behaviour occurs among the adolescents to young adulthood stage of development. In terms of the gender, women are more highly affected than men which were also written in DSM IV-TR. Relationship status does not

have any specific effects to a person with obsessive compulsive behaviour yet, this behaviour can greatly affect the relationship of an individual who possess it. The employment educational status and attainment does not also have a direct effect on the obsession and compulsion of a person yet people with this behavior tend to show its persisting symptoms regardless of place and attainment. The historical background of the respondents has different contributions and impact to the forming of the obsessive compulsive behavior of an individual as supported by literatures. The obsessions and compulsions of he respondents are constantly seen in their daily activities school, home, in



ordering compulsions. Mental rituals and ritualized behaviors were done by the respondents due to an intrusive thoughts and taboo thoughts that keep on bugging them. However, the specific compulsions may be a result of different kinds of obsession. The most prominent effect of obsession and compulsions is the anxiety and distress and time consuming which was confirmed by DSM IV-TR. The researchers also identified other effects obsession and compulsion which were physically and mentally exhausting, difficulty in concentration, and conflicts. Hoarding, insomnia and nail biting is commonly associated with obsessive compulsive

Recommendations:

behavior and sometimes in result of individual's obsession.

To the individuals with obsessions and compulsions, awareness about their own behaviour is very important. This will help them to control and manage their compulsions, repetitive behaviours and other unusual actions. They may try to engage themselves to other recreational activities such as yoga which may help them concentrate better and control their thoughts as well as to relax their mind. It also recommended to expose themselves to their fears and specific obsession as classified in the study; this will help them reduce their obsessions gradually. They should also involve themselves to various

social activities in order to avoid the persistency of thoughts. Lastly, for individuals who experience severe obsessive compulsive behaviour and other co-existing features, they may psychologist consult psychiatrist for the needed intervention. To the parents of the individuals with obsession and compulsion, observation and supervision in their children recommended is such supervision among their studies, hobbies, and even in their daily activities. These will help them to manage the obsession and compulsion of their children. Accountability with their son or daughter is a must to help them control their unusual behaviour.

Moreover, they may also use a rewarding system whenever

